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# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

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**MEMORANDUM** 

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

SUBJECT:

Difenoconazole: Dietary Exposure Analysis for the

Proposed Time-Limited Use on Wheat (PP# 2F4107)

FROM:

Jennifer M. Wintersteen Wutusten Dietary Risk Evaluation Section

Science Analysis Branch HED (7509C)

TO:

C. Giles-Parker/J. Stone, PM Team 22

Registration Division

(7505C)

THROUGH:

William L. Burnam, Chief

Science Analysis Branch Health Effects Division

Action Requested

Provide estimates of chronic dietary exposure and acute dietary risk for the proposed time-limited use of difenoconazole on wheat grain at 0.1 ppm (exp. 12/31/98) and animal products. This is the first food use petition for this chemical.

#### Discussion

1. <u>Toxicological Endpoints</u>: For chronic dietary exposure the Reference Dose (RfD) of 0.01 mg/kg bwt/day is based on a NOEL of 0.96 mg/kg/day and an uncertainty factor of 100. The NOEL is taken from a long term rat feeding study and the effect is hepatotoxicity at 24.12 mg/kg/day in males. The RfD has been approved by the HED RfD Peer Review Committee [G. Ghali memo, 2/24/94].

Based on weight of the evidence (WOTE), difenoconazole has been classified as a Category C (possible human) carcinogen. The Carcinogenicity Peer Review recommended that for the purposes of risk characterization, the Reference Dose approach should be used for quantification of human risk (E. Rinde Peer Review document, 7/94).

A Toxicology Endpoint Selection Document for difenoconazole Rowland and M. VanGemert memo, 6/17/94) indicates that developmental toxicity is of concern. In order to calculate the acute dietary risk a NOEL of 25 mg/kg bwt/day was supplied in the same memo as appropriate for acute dietary assessment.

2. Residue Information: Currently there are no published tolerances for difenoconazole in 40 CFR. CBTS recommends for the proposed uses on wheat grain (0.1 ppm), straw (0.1 ppm) and forage (0.1 ppm) as well as animal tolerances from resulting secondary residues as follows (G. Kramer memo, 6/16/94):

Eggs	٠	÷	• 1	•	٠	•	•	•	• .		•.	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠.	•		0.05	ppm
Milk	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	٠.	•		•	•	٠	•	• .	•			, <b>.</b>		٠,	•	٠		0.01	ppm
																										0.05	
Fati	•		•	•	: •			•			• ,			: :	•	•		•	•	٠,			• 4,		•	0.05	ppm
Meat	By-	-Pi	cod	duc	cts	5 <sup>1</sup>		•	•	•.	•	· .		•	•		•	٠.,			•	:	•.	•		0.05	ppm

The DRES analysis is based on the parent compound only and not metabolites (G. Kramer memo to HED Metabolism Committee, 7/22/94).

No refinements of percent crop treated or anticipated residue data were made to the DRES analysis. Tolerance level residues and 100% crop treated assumptions were made for both chronic and acute analyses.

3. <u>Chronic Exposure Analysis</u>: For chronic dietary exposure the Theoretical Maximum Residue Contribution (TMRC) for the general U.S. population and the highest exposed subgroups is as follows (as percent of the Reference Dose):

U.S. population		• •	 	 	 48
Children (1-6)					
Non-nursing Infants	(<1)		 		 98

The TMRC from the proposed use on wheat is  $4.1 \times 10^4 \text{ mg/kg/day}$ , representing 4% of the RfD. A summary of the chronic exposure estimates is attached as Table 2. Table 3 is a summary of the chronic exposure contribution by tolerance type.

4. Acute Exposure: The DRES detailed acute exposure analysis evaluates individual food consumption as reported by respondents in the USDA 77-78 Nationwide Food Consumption Survey (NFCS) and estimates the distribution of single day exposures through the diet for the U.S. population and certain subgroups. The analysis assumes uniform distribution of diffenoconazole in the commodity supply.

Since the toxicological effect to which high end exposure is being compared to in this analysis is developmental toxicity the subgroup of concern is females (13+ years). For substances whose acute NOEL is based on animal studies, the Agency is not generally concerned unless the MOE is below 100.

Using the proposed wheat tolerance of 0.1 ppm and meat, milk and egg tolerances, the MOE for the subgroup females 13+ for high end exposure is 25,000 and 88,000 for mean exposure. The estimated percent of potential person days that are consumer days of any commodity for which difenoconazole has proposed tolerances is 99% of the population. The table below provides the calculated MOE for the females 13+ subgroup.

55008MB 55008MC 55013BA 55013LA	53006FA 53006KA 53006NA 53006MA 55008BA 55008LA	5300588 53005FA 53005KA 53005LA 530068A 530068B	53001MA 53002BA 53002BB 53002FA 53002KA 53002MA 53003AA 53005BA	24007WA 50000DB 50000FA 50000SA 53001BA 53001BA 53001FA 53001FA 53001FA	F000 C00E 24007AA 24007GA 24007GA	Difenocoi Casi CAS A.I.
					FOOD NAME A WHEAT-ROUGH A WHEAT-GERM A WHEAT-BRAN	CHEMICAL Difenoconazole (Dividend) Caswell #955 CAS No. 119446-68-3 A.I. CODE: 128847 CFR No.
CIS		THER IDNEY IVER		~	A A A	2yr feeding- NOEL= 0 NEL= 24 LEL= 24 ONCO: Pendin
					(EXP. 12/31/98) (EXP. 12/31/98) (EXP. 12/31/98)	STUDY TYPE eeding- rat eeding- rat L= 0.9600 mg/kg 20.00 ppm L= 24.1200 mg/kg 500.00 ppm Pending
2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107	274107 274107 274107 274107 274107 274107	2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107	274107 274107 274107 274107 274107 274107 274107 274107	2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107	PETITION NUMBER 2F4107 2F4107 2F4107	
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					PENDING PUBLISHED	REFERENCE DOSES  ADI UF>100  OPP RfD= 0.010000  EPA RfD= 0.000000
						DATA GAPS/COMMENTS No data gaps.
						STATUS RfD/PR reviewed 01/06/94

DRES Subgroup	High End Exposure (mg/kg bwt/day)	MOE NOEL/High Exposure
Females (13+ years)	0.001	25,000

This is the first time that acute exposure has been calculated for difenoconazole. The calculated MOE is well above the level the Agency generally considers negligible for the females 13+ subgroup used in the DRES acute program and thus acute exposure is not expected to be a problem. A table of distribution of exposures in this analysis is attached as Table 4.

#### Conclusions

The chronic and acute dietary risk estimates are not of concern for the proposed time-limited tolerance for difenoconazole on wheat.

#### Attachments

cc: DRES, CBTS (G. Kramer), Tox II (J. Rowland), Caswell #955

<sup>1</sup> Meat of cattle, goats, horses, hogs, poultry, and sheep

Table 1.

55015MA 55015MB	55013MA 55014AA 55014AB 55014AC 55015BA	FOOD CODE	Difenoconazo Caswell CAS No. A.I. CC CFR No.	
CHICKEN-GIBLETS(LIVER) CHICKEN-FLESH(W/O SKIN) CHICKEN-FLESH(+SKIN)	POULTRY, OTHER-FLESH(+SKIN)EXP EGGS-WHOLE EXP EGGS-WHITE ONLY EXP EGGS-YOLK ONLY EXP CHICKEN-BYPRODUCTS EXP	FOOD NAME		CHEMICAL
IVER) EXP. 12/31/98 SKIN) EXP. 12/31/98 IN) EXP. 12/31/98			2yr feeding- rat NOEL= 0.9600 mg/kg 20.00 ppm LEL= 24.1200 mg/kg 500.00 ppm ONCO: Pending	STUPY TYPE
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0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	TOLERANCE (PPM) PENDING PI	m o 8	CASACLE NOMBER ADD
		UBL I SHED	100 110000 100000	DOSES DATA
			data gaps.	GADS/COMMENTS
•			RfD/PR reviewed 01/06/94	PAGE: 2
			d 01/06/94	

CHEMICAL INFORMATION
Difenoconazole (Dividend)
Caswell #955
CAS No. 119446-68-3
A.I. CODE: 128847
CFR No. STUDY TYPE

2yr feeding- rat

NOEL= 0.9600 mg/kg

20.00 ppm

LEL= 24.1200 mg/kg

500.00 ppm ONCO: Pending Reductions in cumulative body weight gains. Referred to Carcinogenic-ity Peer Review Committee REFERENCE DOSES
ADI UF -->100
OPP RfD= 0.010000
EPA RfD= 0.000000 DATA GAPS/COMMENTS
No data gaps. STATUS RfD/PR reviewed 01/06/94

		TOTAL TMRC (MG/KG BODY WEIGHT/DAY)	ODY WEIGHT/DAY)	NEW TMRC	DIFFERENCE	EFFECT OF ANTICIPATED RESIDUES	D RESIDUES
POPULATION SUBGROUP		CURRENT TMRC*	NEW TMRC**	OF RFD	OF RFD	ARC	%RFD
U.S. POPULATION - 48 STATES		0.000000	0.000412	4.123620	4.123620		
POPULATION -		0.00000	0.000401	4.006650	4.006650		
U.S. POPULATION - SUMMER SEASON U.S. POPULATION - WINTER SEASON		0.00000	0.000424	4.078560 4.238510 4.170980	4.078560 4.238510 4.170980		
NORTHEAST REGION		0.000000	0.000422	4.223980	4.223980		
NORTH CENTRAL REGION SOUTHERN REGION WESTERN REGION		0.000000 0.000000	0.000421 0.000393 0.000420	4.205300 3.931640 4.201670	4.205300 3.931640 4.201670		
HISPANICS NON-HISPANIC WHITES NON-HISPANIC BLACKS		0.000000	0.000479 0.000409	4.790710 4.087830 4.002420	4.790710 4.087830 4.002420		
HIDSING INCANTS AND A VEAD OFFI		0 00000	2 2222	2 7/75/0	7777		•
NON-NURSING INFANTS (< 1 YEAR OLD)		0.00000	0.000946	9.461160	9.461160		
FEMALES (13+ YEARS, PREGNANT) FEMALES 13+ YEARS, NURSING		0.00000	0.000294	2.941790 3.529530	2.941790 3.529530		
CHILDREN (1-6 YEARS OLD)		0.000000	0.000946	9.455110	9.455110		
CHILDREN (7-12 YEARS OLD)		0.00000	0.000643	6.430720 4 582020	6.430720		
FEMALES (13-19 YEARS OLD, NOT PREG. OR NURSING)	URSING)	0.00000	0.000355	3.552030	3.552030		
MALES (20 YEARS AND OLDER, NOT PREG. OR NURS)	OR NURS)	0.00000	0.000320	3.195410 2.660120	3,195410		•

<sup>\*\*</sup>Current TMRC does not include new or pending tolerances.
\*\*New TMRC includes new, pending, and published tolerances.

TOLERANCE ASSESSMENT SUMMARY FOR Difenoconazole (Dividend) DATE: 07/22/94

CASWELL #955

ANALYSIS FOR POPULATION SUB-GROUP: U.S. POPULATION - 48 STATES

EXISTING TOLERANCES (PUBLISHED ONLY) RESULT IN A TMRC OF: THE EXISTING TMRC IS EQUIVALENT TO:	0.000000	MG/KG/DAY % OF THE ADI.
PROPOSED NEW TOLERANCES (CURRENT PETITION ONLY)		
RESULT IN A TMRC OF:	0.000413	MG/KG/DAY
THESE NEW TOLERANCES WILL OCCUPY:	4.124	% OF THE ADI.
IF THE NEW TOLERANCES (CURRENT PETITION ONLY)		
ARE APPROVED THE RESULTANT TMRC WILL BE:	0.000413	MG/KG/DAY
THE NEW TMRC WILL OCCUPY	4.124	% OF THE ADI.

NO OTHER PENDING TOLERANCES ARE IN THE FILE

## ANALYSIS FOR POPULATION SUB-GROUP: NON-NURSING INFANTS (< 1 YEAR OLD)

EXISTING TOLERANCES (PUBLISHED ONLY)		
RESULT IN A TMRC OF:	0.000000	MG/KG/DAY
THE EXISTING TMRC IS EQUIVALENT TO:	0.000	% OF THE ADI.
PROPOSED NEW TOLERANCES (CURRENT PETITION ONLY)	)	
RESULT IN A TMRC OF:	0.000947	MG/KG/DAY
THESE NEW TOLERANCES WILL OCCUPY:	9.461	% OF THE ADI.
IF THE NEW TOLERANCES (CURRENT PETITION ONLY)		
ARE APPROVED THE RESULTANT TMRC WILL BE:	0.000947	MG/KG/DAY
THE NEW TMRC WILL OCCUPY	9.461	% OF THE ADI.

NO OTHER PENDING TOLERANCES ARE IN THE FILE

### ANALYSIS FOR POPULATION SUB-GROUP: CHILDREN (1-6 YEARS OLD)

EXISTING TOLERANCES (PUBLISHED ONLY) RESULT IN A TMRC OF: THE EXISTING TMRC IS EQUIVALENT TO:	0.000000	MG/KG/DAY % OF THE ADI.
PROPOSED NEW TOLERANCES (CURRENT PETITION ONLY)		*
RESULT IN A TMRC OF:	0.000946	MG/KG/DAY
THESE NEW TOLERANCES WILL OCCUPY:	9.455	% OF THE ADI.
IF THE NEW TOLERANCES (CURRENT PETITION ONLY)		
ARE APPROVED THE RESULTANT TMRC WILL BE:	0.000946	MG/KG/DAY
THE NEW TMRC WILL OCCUPY	9.455	% OF THE ADI.

NO OTHER PENDING TOLERANCES ARE IN THE FILE

TOLERANCES: ANTICIPATED RESIDUES:	ESTIMATES BASED ON TOLERANCES: ANTICIPATED RESIDUES:	FEMALES(13+ YRS)	*STATUS CODES: **RDV INFO: The LD value used in this analysis is <b>0.00025</b> MG/KG of <b>80DY WEIGHT/DAY</b> **FILE INFO: No Tolerance Data Are UsedWithout User Modifications. ************************************	*NAME: DIFENOCONAZOLE *CASWELL NO: 955 CFR NO: CFR *CAS NO: SHAUGHNESSY NO	DETAILED ACUTE ANALYSIS INCLUDING AR'S: ALL STATISTICS BASED ON USERS. DAILY CONSUMPTION 14:13
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